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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/777,675	02/13/2004	Toru Katagiri	826.1924	5874
21171 STAAS & HA	7590 08/24/2007 LSEY LLP		EXAMINER	
SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			LI, SHI K	
WASHINGTO	•	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			2613	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/24/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/777,675	KATAGIRI ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Shi K. Li	2613			
The Period for Re	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Res	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 June 2007.					
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
· <u></u>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition o	f Claims	•				
4)⊠ Clai	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4,7-10 and 13</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) (4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Clai	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
·6)⊠ Clai	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4,7-10 and 13</u> is/are rejected.					
7)∐ Clai	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)∏ Clai	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1.	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2.	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3.	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
			•			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (RTO 800)						
	7) = 11101 interview outsimilarly (1 10-413)					
3) Information	3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application					
Paper No(s	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 4, 7-8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tager et al. (U.S. Patent Application Pub. 2004/0208608 A1) in view of Zhou (U.S. Patent Application Pub. 2003/0219198 A1).

Regarding claims 1, 7 and 13, Tager et al. discloses in FIG. 15 an optical communication system. Tager et al. teaches in FIG. 6 overcompensation at 118 and residual dispersion at 117. The difference between Tager et al. and the claimed invention is that Tager et al. does not teach the bit rates of the wavelength channels. First, it is well known in the art that the bit rate for each wavelength channel is independent of the other wavelength channels. Second, bit rates of 10 Gbps and 40 Gbps are well known in the art. For example, Zhou teaches paragraph [0008] high speed TDM signals of 10 Gb/s, 40 Gb/s and more. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teaching of Zhou with the optical communication system of Tager et al. to transmit optical signals of 10 Gbps and 40 Gbps based on traffic need. Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit optical signals of 10 Gbps and 40 Gbps, as taught by Zhou, in the optical communication system of Tager et al. due to different traffic needs among the network nodes. The difference in bit rates for different wavelength channels may also due to the fact that certain facilities have been upgraded while the others are still operating at slower bit rates.

Regarding claims 2, 4, 8 and 10, Tager et al. teaches in paragraph [0029] and [0031] switching node and add/drop node.

3. Claims 3 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tager et al. and Zhou as applied to claims 1-2, 4, 7-8 and 10 above, and further in view of Tsuritani et al. (U.S. Patent 6,768,872 B1).

Tager et al. and Zhou have been discussed above in regard to claims 1-2, 4, 7-8 and 10. The difference between Tager et al. and Zhou and the claimed invention is that Tager et al. and Zhou do not teach compensating gain deviation. Tsuritani et al. teaches in col. 3, lines 15-21 to equalize optical power and in col. 2, lines 19-21 to compensating dispersion slope so that it becomes practically zero. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teaching of Tsuritani et al. with the modified optical communication system of Tager et al. and Zhou because these compensation ensures that all channels will have the same quality and allows the communication system to reach longer distance. Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to compensate for gain deviation and dispersion slope, as taught by Tsuritani et al., in the modified optical communication system of Tager et al. and Zhou because these compensation ensures that all channels will have the same quality and allows the communication system to reach longer distance.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 21 June 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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The Applicant argues that Zhou does not disclose that an optical signal with a bit rate of 40 Gb/s is used for any specific purpose. However, limiting the use of a known apparatus, otherwise capable of being used for other purposes, to a specific purpose does not make the apparatus patentable. The Examiner recognizes that it is common sense to limit the use of apparatus for specific purpose. For example, a person may have many sets of garments and wear particular garments for specific purpose such as gardening, sport or going to work. Similarly, a person may have many cups and use particular cups for drinking specific types of liquid.

Conclusion

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shi K. Li whose telephone number is 571 272-3031. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (7:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jason Chan can be reached on 571 272-3022. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

skl

19 August 2007

Shi K. Li

Primary Patent Examiner

SKK5

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